

#UPCEA2025

Empowering Lifelong Learning: Student Mobility, Career Progression, and Global Insights in Continuing Education



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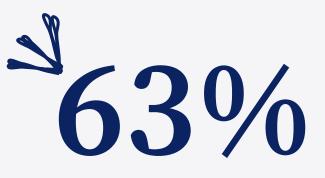




The Importance of Lifelong Learning in Continuing Education

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of employers identify skills gaps as the biggest barrier to business transformation. 72%

of all jobs nationally will require training by 2031. Highlighting the growing need for upskilling and continuous learning to remain competitive in the job market.

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people are already dealing with a mismatch between the skills they have and the skills they need for their jobs.

Source: Carnevale et al., 2023

Source: Mateo Díaz et al., 2022



Challenge 1 Making Stackable Credentials Work

Traditional degree pathways often do not recognize prior learning, requiring additional coursework.

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Helps learners bypass redundant coursework and accelerate credential completion.

- **49**% of adult students with PLA credit complete a degree within 7.5 years vs. **27**% without PLA.
- PLA helps students complete their degrees and re-enroll again, even when transferring to other institutions.

Business

dearee BA

Source: (Klein-Collins et al., 2020)

Vocational

degree

Micro-Credentials & Badges

Validate competencies and improve recognition of skills.

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• Increase portability across geographic borders, but require transparency for trust in the value of micro-credentials.

Source: (Oliver & United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, 2022)



Challenge 2 Cross-Border Credential Recognition

Business

degree BA

Without standardization, students and professionals face barriers in using their credits internationally.

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• NL Business $BA \rightarrow US$ Scholarship

• NL 1-10 vs. US A-F grading

• Delays in scholarship

Vocational

degree

Barriers

• No global standard for grading and credential recognition

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- Different credit systems block seamless transfers
- HEIs limit transferable credits to prevent "patchwork degrees." (Nuffic, 2022)

Progress

- European Common Microcredential Framework (Antonaci et al., 2021)
- College & Institutes Canada agreement (Colleges & Institutes Canada, 2021)
- Regional efforts building trust and standardization

Scholarship



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Challenge 3 Lowering Barriers to Learning

Financial Barriers

58% of learners see tuition costs as a barrier.

78% view college as "expensive."

Source: UPCEA & StraighterLine, 2024, Lumina 2025

US: Lack of **funding** for non-degree credentials **increases financial barriers** (<u>OECD, 2020)</u>

EU: Micro-credentials **encouraged** but **still underfunded** (Council of the EU, 2022)



More **employer-backed**, and **scholarship-based** micro-credentials

Source: OECD, 2021

Stronger collaboration between institutions & employers

Source: Collegis & UPCEA, 2023

Value & Recognition Barriers



Shaped by Supply &

Demand:

Value depends on market

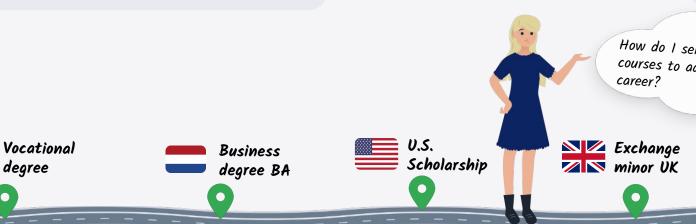
needs and availability.

Source: (Cedefop.europa.eu).



Digital Ecosystems Matter: EdTech drives adoption, but employer trust wins. Portfolios > Certificates

Source: (Cedefop.europa.eu)



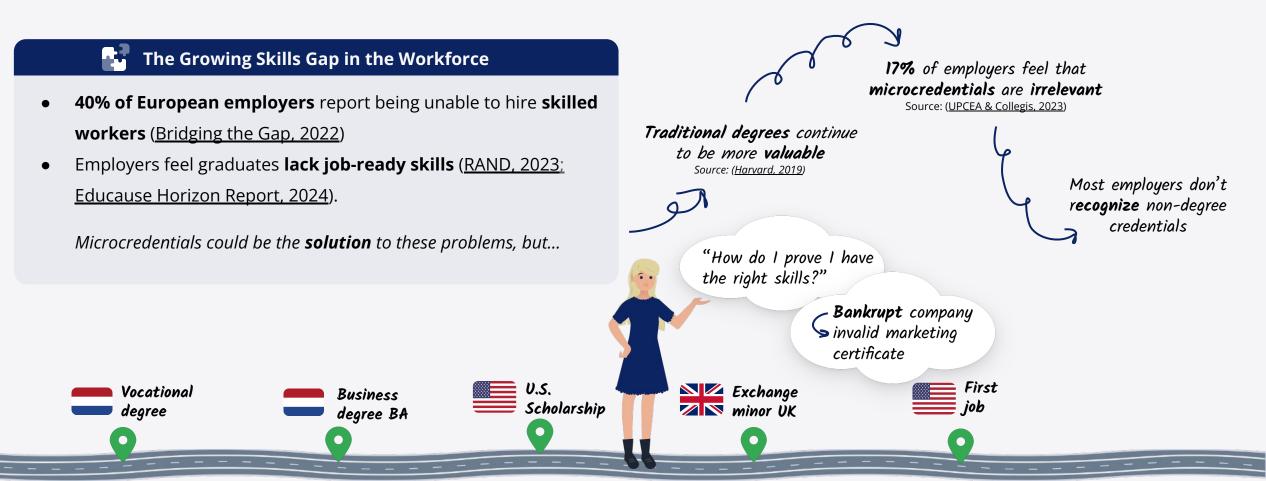
How do I select the best courses to advance my career?



Challenge 4 The Skills Gap & Employer Recognition

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Microcredentials with employer-recognized accreditation can build job-ready skills, bridging the workforce gap.



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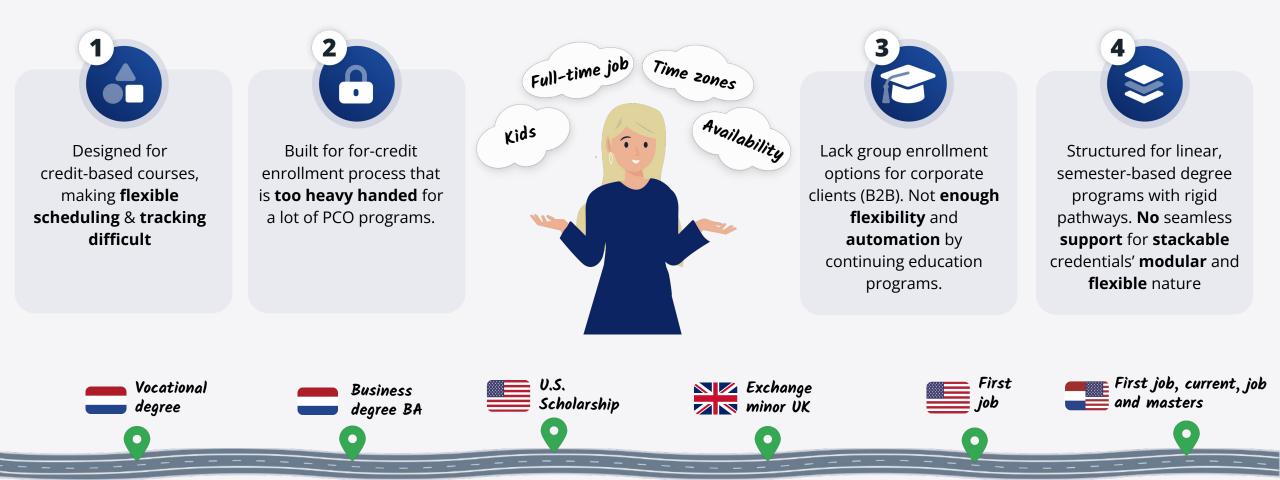


Challenge 5 The Traditional Education Ecosystem Falls Short for CE

With declining traditional enrollments, institutions expand online, hybrid, and flexible learning for adult learners.

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Key Takeaways: Making Learning More Accessible

How do we ensure that every learner, no matter their background, has access to meaningful credentials?

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